

KLB-SYSTEM EPOXID EP 724 E Haftgrund Super

Water-based, low-VOC, AgBB-compliant 2-component epoxy resin primer and binding agent for scratch coats, with a wide range of adhesion properties on various substrates (metal, ceramics, etc.)

Packaging units

Article no.	Packaging	Content (kg)	Units/pallet
AK2803-92	Combo can	0.90 kg	240
AK2803-40	Combi unit	18.00 kg	12



Product characteristics

Mixing ratio parts by weight	A : B = 1 : 8
Mixing ratio parts by volume	A : B = 21 : 100
Processing time	10 °C / 50 °F: 40 minutes 20 °C / 68 °F: 35 minutes 30 °C / 86 °F: 20 minutes
Processing temperature	Minimum 10 °C / 50 °F (room and floor temperature)
Curing time (accessibility)	10 °C / 50 °F : 12 - 16 hrs. 20 °C / 68 °F : 8 - 12 hrs. 30 °C / 86 °F : 6 - 8 hrs.
Curing	1 - 2 days until mechanical load at 20 °C / 68 °F 7 days until chemical load at 20 °C / 68 °F
Further coatings	After curing, but after 48 hours at the latest at 20 $^\circ\text{C}$ / 68 $^\circ\text{F}$
Consumption	Primer: approx. 0.2 - 0.4 kg/m ² Scratch coat: 0.8 - 1.0 kg/m ² Mortar: 0.8 - 0.9 kg/m ²
Colours	Milky and cloudy, opaque drying
Shelf life	12 months (originally sealed) – Protect from frost!

Product description

KLB-SYSTEM EPOXID EP 724 E Haftgrund Super is an adhesive, low-emission, 2-component epoxy resin emulsion primer and binding agent for multiple applications as a primer, scratch coat and mortar binding agent that is water-vapour permeable.

KLB-SYSTEM EPOXID EP 724 E Haftgrund Super is used as a primer before the application of water-vapour-permeable coatings and top-sealers. In combination with quartz sand 0.1/0.3 mm or 0.3/0.8 mm, the product can also be used as a scratch coat and together with the KLB-SYSTEM EPOXID EP 785 HS coating, it can be used to create water-vapour-permeable coatings. When combined with mixed sand KLB-Mischsand 1, it creates a mortar that can be used to repair imperfections, holes and cavities.

The primer also has very good adhesion to various metals, such as stainless steel, steel, copper, aluminium, brass and many others, as well as to tiles and other ceramic coverings, and can therefore be used as a primer underneath subsequent coatings.

KLB-SYSTEM EPOXID EP 724 E Haftgrund Super is therefore primarily used when primers impervious to water vapour are unsuitable. In particular in the case of insufficiently dry substrates or substrates that are sensitive to moisture or in contact with the soil, e.g. fresh concrete, magnesia coverings, concrete slabs that are



insufficiently protected against damp and similar substrates, KLB-SY					
	 EP 724 E Haftgrund Super is a suitable primer or scratch covering in combination with KLB-SYSTEM EPOXID EP 785 HS water-vapour-permeable coating systems. KLB-SYSTEM EPOXID EP 724 E Haftgrund Super can also be used as a primer for vapour diffusion-proof coatings based on epoxy or polyurethane resin, provided that rising damp is excluded. A sufficient curing and drying time must be ensured before overcoating. The binder serves as a base coat for the production of slip-resistant scattered coatings for light and medium loads. The product hardens after drying of the contained water by chemical cross-linking to a durable, robust film. This penetrating power means that the substrate wets well, which creates a base with good adhesion for subsequent coats. 				
	The absorbency is reduced, dust is bound and the subsequent trowelling creates a smooth, closed surface, e.g. for coatings.				
	To achieve a consistent mass that can be processed easily, water must be added to the mixed binding agent according to the application.				
	KLB-SYSTEM EPOXID EP 724 E Haftgrund Super cures within 8 - 12 hours for subsequent overlayering. The end of the open time is not visible. The product produces a hard film that is physiologically harmless. The cured product is resistant to water, aqueous saline solutions, and diluted acids and bases, and relatively resistant to solvents.				
Area of application	 As a primer and scratch coat for EP 785 HS, also for increased damp substrates. Suitable for mineral substrates such as concrete, cement screed or magnesia flooring. As an adhesive primer for metallic substrates, such as steel, stainless steel, aluminium or copper. Not suitable for galvanized sheet metal or titanium zinc. As an adhesion primer for old coatings following appropriate preparation. As a primer and scratch coat for tiles and ceramic surfaces. As adhesion primer for 3-component epoxy cement levelling layer EC 610 C and on top of that, as primer for subsequent coating. As a primer for wall coatings with PU 662. As a primer/binding agent for light to medium stressed scattered coatings. Only on permanently dry substrates in combination with vapour-proof coatings. 				
Product features	 tested, low-emission quality Total Solid according to GISCODE easy application very high adhesion water vapour-permeable consistent to hydrolysis and saponification environmentally friendly 				
Technical data	Viscosity - Component A+B	4500 - 6500	mPas	DIN EN ISO 2811-2 (23 °C / 73.4 °F)	
	Solid content	> 80	%	KLB method	
	Density - Component A+B	1.80	kg/l	DIN EN ISO 2811-2 (20 °C / 68 °F)	
	Adhesive tensile strength	> 1.5	N/mm ²	DIN EN 1542	
	Shore-hardness D	78	-	DIN 53505 (after 7 days)	

The values established in tests are average values. Deviations from the product specification may occur.

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Non combustible

Flashpoint

DIN 51755



Build-up of coats

Smooth coating of EP 785 HS on concrete

- Shot blast the substrate and vacuum thoroughly.
- Prime with EP 724 E to which 10 15 % water has been added; consumption approx. 0.200 - 0.400 kg/m².
- Apply a scratch coat of EP 724 E with a smoothing trowel to which 5 % water and 20 % quartz sand 0.1/0.3 mm + optional 5 % of supporting grain quartz sand 0.3/0.8 mm have been added; consumption approx. 0.6 0.8 kg/m² (mixture). In case of highly porous and rough substrates, it may be necessary to apply another scratch coat.
- Coating with EP 785 HS or conductive coating build-up of EP 799 Ableitgrund and EP 785 EL+.

Adhesion primer for EC 610 C

- Prepare the surfaces of raw, worn and contaminated substrates by milling and subsequent shot-blasting.
- Other sufficiently stable substrates can be prepared by shot-blasting or diamond grinding. Then vacuum carefully.
- Prime with EP 724 E Haftgrund Super special primer to which 10 15 % water has been added; consumption approx. 0.200 - 0.400 kg/m² on typically absorbent substrates. The substrate must no longer be absorbent; if it is, give it several more coats of primer.
- Optional: if a rough substrate is present, a pore-closing roughness depth levelling should be carried out before the actual levelling layer, also with **EP 724 E Haftgrund Super** with the addition of 5 % water and 15 to 20 % quartz sand 0.3/0.8 mm.
- Apply EC 610 with the pin screed scraper to a standard layer-thickness of 3 -10 mm.
- Prime with EP 724 E to which 10 15% water has been added; consumption approx. 0.200 - 0.400 kg/m².
- After drying, subsequent coatings can be applied, e.g. EP 202, EP 216 Universal, EP 785 HS, PU 420, among others. Ask for advice if required.

Adhesion primer for tiles and ceramic coverings

- Clean the substrate and remove any grease with a basic cleaning agent.
- Grind (diamond) the substrate until the surface is matt.
- Apply the EP 724 E primer to which 10 15 % water has been added; consumption approx. 0.2 - 0.4 kg/m².
- Once this has cured, a coating based on EP 785 HS or EP 216 Universal can be applied.

Adhesion primer on metallic substrates

- · Clean the substrate and remove any grease with a basic cleaning agent.
- Blast or grind (diamond) the substrate until the surface is matt.
- Apply the EP 724 E primer to which 10 15 % water has been added; consumption approx. 0.15 - 0.3 kg/m².
- Once this has cured, a coating based on PU 405, PU 410, PU 420 or PU 421 can be applied directly.

Important note: with the primer EP 724 E, a coating of PU 405, PU 410, PU 420 or PU 421 can be applied directly after a curing time of at least 16 and up to a maximum of 48 hours (at 20 °C / 68 °F), without sanding. Higher humidity and poor air exchange may require longer waiting times.

Slip-resistant scattered coating

- · Shot-blast the substrate and vacuum thoroughly.
- Apply the primer **EP 724 E** to which 10 15 % water has been added, consumption approx. 0.200 0.400 kg/m².
- Apply a scratch coat of **EP 724 E** with a smoothing trowel to which 5 % water and 20 % quartz sand 0.1/0.3 mm + optional 5 % of supporting grain quartz sand 0.3/0.8 mm has been added; consumption approx. 0.6 0.8 kg/m² (mixture). In



case of highly porous and rough substrates, it may be necessary to apply another scratch coat.

- Apply the base coat with EP 724 E to which 5 % water and 15 % quartz sand 0.3/0.8 mm or 0.7/1.2 mm have been added; application is done with a trowel by scraping over grain; consumption for R11 approx. 1.3 - 1.5 kg/m² and for R12 approx. 1.6 - 1.8 kg/m².
- Scatter the whole surface with quartz sand 0.3/0.8 mm, consumption approx. 4.0 6.0 kg/m².
- After curing, sweep off excess sand, chip off or vacuum thoroughly until no more grain or sand is being released.
- Application of the top sealer EP 216 Universal, alternatively with EP 5570 or PU 5580 using a rubber squeegee, then distribute evenly in crosswise motion. Consumption approx. 0.55 - 0.75 kg/m².
- Optional: apply **EP 742 E/EP 752 E** as vapour-permeable version. Consumption approx. 0.5 0.7 kg/m². Application is done with a rubber squeegee, distribute homogeneously using a velours roller.

Build-up for dense epoxy and polyurethane resin coatings

- Suitable substrates are concrete, cement screed, ceramic coverings (without moisture penetration on the back).
- Shot-blast the substrate and vacuum thoroughly.
- Apply the primer EP 724 E to which 10 15 % water has been added, consumption approx. 0.200 - 0.400 kg/m².
- Apply a scratch coat of **EP 724 E** with a smoothing trowel to which 5 % water and 20 % quartz sand 0.1/0.3 mm + optional 5 % of supporting grain quartz sand 0.3/0.8 mm have been added; consumption approx. 0.6 0.8 kg/m² (mixture). In case of highly porous and rough substrates, it may be necessary to apply another scratch coat.
- Alternatively, for further PU build-up, a scratch coat of PU 421 is applied after the appropriate curing time, adding approx. 20 - 30 % quartz sand 0.1/0.3 mm, consumption approx. 0.8 - 1.0 kg/m².
- Application of the coating EP 216 Universal or EP 202, alternatively PU 405, PU 410, PU 420 or PU 421.

After applying the scratch coat with **EP 724 E** and after a curing time of at least 16 to max. 48 hours (at 20 °C), the above mentioned coatings can be recoated without sanding. Ensure sufficient ventilation during curing.

Substrate	The substrate to be coated must be even, surface dry, free of dust, sufficiently resistant to tension and compression as well as be free from weakly-bonded components or surfaces. Materials impairing adhesion such as grease, oil and paint residues should be removed with suitable measures. Observe the information issued by the trade associations, e.g. the most recent versions of BEB worksheets KH-0/U and KH-0/S. The substrates to be coated should be prepared mechanically, preferably by shot-blasting. The surface strength must then be at least 1,5 N/ mm ² . The prepared area must be primed carefully. It is often difficult to judge the necessary pore-free condition of substrates. It is therefore recommended that a primer and subsequent scratch coat be generally applied before working with self-levelling coatings. If the substrate has not been primed to be pore-free, bubbles and pores can develop in the coating due to air rising from the substrate. Old substrates must be cleaned intensively before any mechanical preparation. In case of doubt, we recommend testing on a trial surface.
Mixing	Combo-packaging will be supplied in the correctly measured mixing ratio. The package of Component B has sufficient volume for the entire packaging unit. Empty



all of component A into the hardener compound B. Blend with a slow speed mixer (200 - 400 r/pm) for at least 2 - 3 minutes until a homogeneous, streak-free and whitish emulsion forms. To prevent mixing errors, empty ("repot") the entire resin/ hardener mixture into a clean container and mix it once again briefly with the necessary amount of water depending on the application to ensure complete homogenisation.

Recommended mixtures: **Primer:**

9.0 kg KLB-SYSTEM EPOXID EP 724 E 0.9 - 1.4 kg water

Scratch coat:

9.0 kg KLB-SYSTEM EPOXID EP 724 E
0.5 kg water
1.8 kg quartz sand Quarzsand 0.1/0.3 mm
0.45 kg quartz sand Quarzsand 0.3/0.8 mm (optionally)

Base layer for scattered coatings:

9.0 kg KLB-SYSTEM EPOXID EP 724 E 0.45 kg water 1.35 - 1.8 kg quartz sand Quarzsand 0.3/0.8 mm

Epoxy resin mortar:

9.0 kg KLB-SYSTEM EPOXID EP 724 E 0.8 - 1.1 kg water

40 - 45 kg mixed sand KLB-Mischsand 1

Before adding any additives, premix the binding agent, then stirr in the water and add the additive. The amount of mixed sand depends on the necessary consistency and stability.

The processing time must not be exceeded – (see chart "Processing time"). Note: end of pot life is not visible!

Processing	 Primer: as with all reactive resin systems, processing should take place immediately after mixing. Priming should be done immediately after mixing; use a nylon roller or rubber squeegee, and then a pass with the roller. Apply an evenly thin, sealed coat on the substrate. Avoid the formation of puddles and uneven layer-thicknesses. In the case of substrates with high absorbency or porosity, applying another coat is recommended. Scratch coat: apply a scratch coat before any further coatings to level the substrate - but also for full pore-closure. Use a trowel, metal, or rubber squeegee. The consistency of the filling compound has to be adjusted according to the substrate absorbency, for a material that runs true. Base layer for scattered coatings: for scattered coatings, prepare a suitable base coat with EP 724 E after applying the scratch coat. This can be done with a trowel over grain or with a metal or rubber squeegee. Epoxy resin mortar: a mortar can be created with EP 724 E to deal with repair work. Special resins EP 150 or EP 158 are recommended for creating industrial mortar floorings. Process as soon as mixing is complete. Skim the mortar with a batten, then compress and smooth with the smoothing trowel. Floor and air temperature must not fall below 10 °C / 50 °F and humidity must not exceed 75 %. The recommended climatic conditions must also be maintained during curing or drving. Ensure sufficient ventilation of the surface during curing. Avoid



	regular curing will not be possible with hardening poblems and spotting to occur. Exposure to water and chemicals should be avoided during the first 7 days. The specified curing times apply for 20 °C / 68 °F; temperatures below this require longer processing and curing times, while higher temperatures require shorter times. If working conditions are not complied with, the technical properties of the end product may deviate from those specified.
Cleaning	To remove fresh contamination and to clean tools, use water immediately. Hardened material can only be removed mechanically.
Storage	Store in dry and frost-free conditions. Ideal storage temperature is between 15 - 20 °C / 59 - 68 °F. Bring to a suitable processing temperature before application. Tightly re-seal opened packages and use up the content as soon as possible.
Special remarks	The product is regulated by the German Ordinance on Hazardous Substances (GefStoffV), the German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV), and transport regulations for hazardous goods. The necessary information is contained in the DIN Safety Data Sheet. Observe all identification information on the container label!
	GISCODE: RE20
	Indication of VOC-content:

(EG-Regulation 2004/42) Maximum Permissible Value 140 g/l (2010,II,j/wb): Readyfor-use product contains < 140 g/l VOC.

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20		
EP724E-V1-062020		
DIN EN 13813:2003-01 Synthetic resin screed mortar DIN EN 13813: SR-B2.0-AR0.5-IR4		
Emission of corrosive substances	SR	
Wear resistance BCA	AR 0.5	
Adhesive tensile strength	B 2.0	
Impact resistance	IR 4	

CE marking



VOC content

The product complies with the high requirements to low VOC contents, as required for sustainable construction. Therefore, these values exceed by far the European Union directive 2004/42/EG (decopaint directive).

	Limit value	Actual content	
Decopaint Directive 2004/42/EG - Component A	< 140	0	g/l
Decopaint Directive 2004/42/EG - Component B	< 140	2,4	g/l
DGNB - Components A + B	< 3	0,011	%
Klima:aktiv - Components A + B	< 3	0,011	%
LEED - Components A + B	< 100	2,1	g/l
Minergie ECO ® - Components A + B	< 1 (< 2)	0,011	%

(According to the Decopaint directive, single components are used for calculation. In the sustainable building rating systems, the mixture of both components in the correct mixing ratio is the determining factor.)



Please consider the latest version of this product information on our website.

All stated information is based on our experience and technical preparation. We guarantee the correct and proper quality of our products. We do not assume any responsibility for the work not carried out by us, since we have no influence on the processing or processing conditions. We recommend on-site trials to be conducted in individual cases. With the publication of this new KLB product information, all prior information loses validity. The latest version is available electronically on our website <u>www.klb-koetztal.com</u>. In addition, our "General Terms and Conditions" apply.



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